## 1.3

# **LIKE and REGEXP Operators**

#### **LIKE and REGEXP Operators**

- The LIKE keyword is used with the WHERE clause.
- The LIKE keyword and can use two symbols as wildcards. The percent ( % ) symbol matches any number of characters and the underscore ( \_ ) matches a single character
- REGEXP keyword allows you to do more complex pattern matching than a LIKE keyword/
- Some version of REGEXP exists in many computer languages.
   Refer to the "LIKE and REGEXP" handout for a full list of examples.

Table 2. LIKE Keyword

| LIKE Symbol | Description  |
|-------------|--|
| %           | Match any string of characters to the left of the symbol |
| _           | Match a single character                                 |

#### Code Example:

```
USE world;
SELECT name
FROM country
WHERE name LIKE 'A%'
```

#### Results:

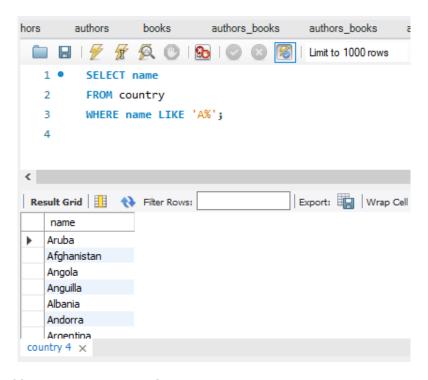


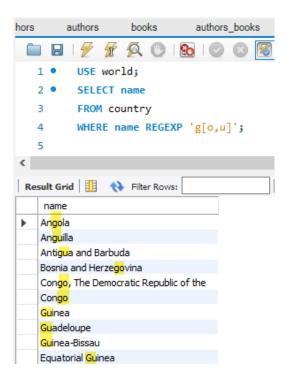
Table 3. REXEXP Keyword

| REGEXP Characters | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| ^                 | Match the pattern to the beginning of the value being tested. |
| \$                | Match the pattern to the end of the value being tested.       |
|                   | Matches any single character.                                 |
| [charlist]        | Matches any single character listed within the brackets.      |
| [char1 - char2]   | Matches any single character within the given range.          |
|                   | Separates two string patterns and matches either one          |

### Code Example:

```
USE world;
SELECT name
FROM country
WHERE name REGEXP 'g[o,u]';
```

Results:







Miles, M. (n.d.). *Learning MySQL*. EdTech Books. <a href="https://edtechbooks.org/learning\_mysql">https://edtechbooks.org/learning\_mysql</a>